- **7.2 How Discovery May Be Made**. Any request for discovery shall be made in writing and shall state with particularity the type of discovery requested.
- 1. If the request is for answers to written interrogatories, such request shall include the questions to be answered and include the name of the person or persons who are to respond to those interrogatories.
- 2. If the request is for the taking of a deposition, such request should name the person or persons who are to be deposed and their addresses, and such request should also include the subject matter areas which the deposition would embrace.
- 3. If the request is for admissions of a party to a proceeding, such request should include the exact admissions requested and the party to whom directed.
- 4. If the request is for production of documents, such request shall state the documents requested and the name of the individual from whom the documents are sought.
- 5. If the request is for physical or mental examination of a parent, guardian, custodian or child, such request shall state the name of the person or persons to be examined and the reason why such examination is necessary.
- (a) Rule Nisi. All written requests for discovery shall include a Rule Nisi order setting down a time and place for a hearing for the entry of an order by the court as to the scope of discovery to be allowed and the time for the completion of such discovery.
- **(b) Objections**. Any and all objections to any of the requests for discovery so made shall be made at such hearing or all objections are waived unless otherwise allowed by discretion of the court.

(c) Notice and Service.

- 1. The written motion and notice of the hearing thereof shall be served not later than three (3) days, excluding weekends and holidays, before the time specified for the hearing, unless specifically ordered otherwise by the court on ex parte application for good cause shown. All requests for discovery shall be served as required by these rules upon all parties, including parents, child or legal custodian and any other person to whom the court directs, or their legal counsel, if so represented.
- 2. If the child is alleged to be deprived child, or the subject of an action to terminate parental rights, in which it is alleged that the child was the victim of conduct by the parent or guardian which is a violation of the criminal laws of this state, and such parent or guardian has been charged as a defendant with the commission of such offense against the child, a request for discovery made by or on behalf of such parent or guardian shall also be served upon the district attorney having jurisdiction over the criminal case against the parent or guardian. The district attorney shall have an opportunity to be heard prior to entry of an order allowing discovery.